



KEMENTERIAN SEKRETARIAT NEGARA RI
SEKRETARIAT WAKIL PRESIDEN

NATIONAL STRATEGY TO ACCELERATE STUNTING PREVENTION 2018-2024 & IMPLEMENTATION PROGRESS

Secretariat of The Vice President of Republic Indonesia

Jakarta, August 2020

The Vice President of Indonesia introduced the Five Pillars of Stunting Reduction in August 2017

PILLAR 1	PILLAR 2	PILLAR 3	PILLAR 4	PILLAR 5
Political Commitment And National leadership	National campaign focusing on improved awareness, behavior change, political commitment and accountability	Convergent, coordinated and consolidated national program with the regional government and community members	"Nutritional Food Security" policy	Monitoring and evaluation

To reinforce stunting reduction program, it is necessary to establish an intervention framework, which consists of the best practices acknowledged by all policy maker worldwide. This framework that has been discussed between the national policy maker and the World Bank is then translated into the five pillars of stunting reduction program as above.

The Importance of National Strategy

- 1** | Stranas Stunting was based on Indonesia and global lessons in reducing and preventing stunting.
- 2** | Stranas Stunting aims to drive convergence of national, regional, and village programs and to ensure better coordination and budget allocation to support priority intervention activities, especially to improve coverage and quality of nutrition delivery services to pregnant women and children aged 0-24 months (1.000 FDL households).
- 3** | Stranas Development involves various relevant agencies that later commit to implement it. Line Ministries/Agencies, Professional Organizations, Academicians, Civil Society Organizations, and Private Sectors.

Pillar 1:
Political Commitment and National Leadership

..... OBJECTIVE

To ensure stunting prevention becomes government priority at all level

..... STRATEGY

President leadership to prevent stunting; by ensuring appropriate translation of high level vision and direction to policy and resource distribution at all level.

- 1. Local government leadership to prevent stunting;** by ensuring enabling environment to the implementation of result-based stunting reduction convergence actions.
- 2. Village government leadership to prevent stunting;** by creating an enable environment to implement village convergence actions to prevent stunting.
- 3. Engagement of private, CSO and community;** by ensuring their active participation in stunting prevention acceleration actions at community level.

..... COORDINATOR

This pillar is coordinated by the Secretariat of the Vice President

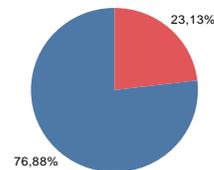
Progress P1: Political Commitment from Local Leaders

1 National Stunting Summit has been conducted as a platform to gain commitment from national and local stakeholders (4 times since 2018). Participants are national stakeholders and priority districts and provinces

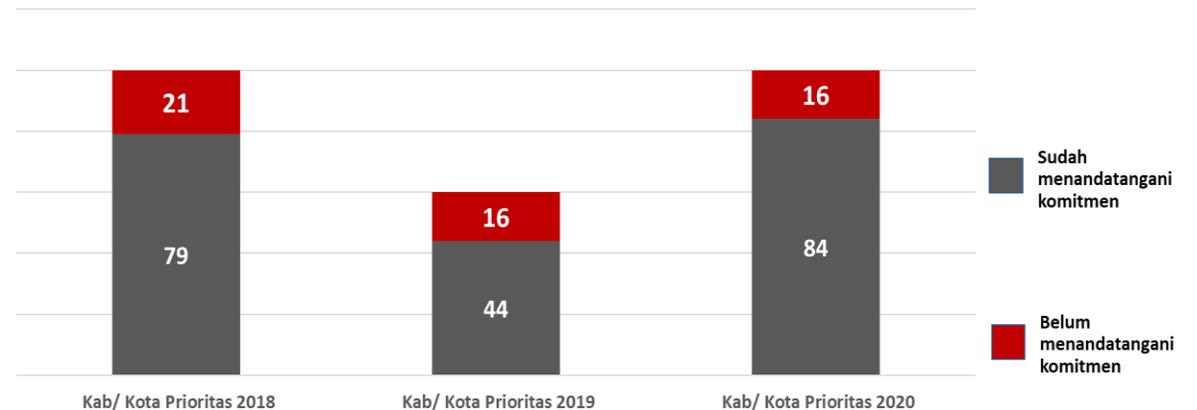
2 District Stunting Summit has been conducted by 209 priority districts

3 250 from 260 Priority Districts Leader signed commitment to conduct stunting prevention acceleration in their respective area

PETA SEBARAN PROGRES PELAKSANAAN AKSI #3 di 160 Kabupaten/Kota Prioritas Intervensi Stunting



Legend for the pie chart:
□ Belum Melaksanakan Aksi-3
□ Telah Melaksanakan Aksi-3



Jumlah kabupaten/kota prioritas Tahun 2018 dan Tahun 2019: 160 Kabupaten/Kota

Sumber data: Kemendagri
30 Maret 2020

Pilar 2: National Campaign and Behavior Change Communication

..... **OBJECTIVE**

To improve public awareness and behavior change among citizen to prevent stunting.

..... **STRATEGY**

- 1. Consistent and sustainable public behavior change campaign;** by ensuring effective, efficient, appropriate, consistent and sustainable communication strategy (message, channel, measurement).
- 2. Targeted interpersonal communication that locally adjusted;** by ensuring appropriate communication strategy by target group.
- 3. Continued advocacy to the decision makers;** by ensuring systematic outreach to the decision makers through provision of supporting tools and capacity building.
- 4. Capacity building;** by provision of knowledge sharing and training on effective public campaign and interpersonal communication.

..... **COORDINATOR**

This pillar is coordinated by the Minister of Health and
Minister of Communication and Information.

Progress P2 : National Campaign and Behavior Change Communication

1

National Communication Strategy has been developed by MoH in 2018. 6 Key messages has been identified as priority behavior that should be changed at community level

2

Communication Campaign has been conducted at national level coordinated by MoH and Ministry of Communication and informatics (MoCI).

3

Capacity building and technical assistance on local regulation on communication campaign strategy development has been provided by MoH by SoVP for priority districts

Local regulation on communication campaign and interpersonal communication campaign has been developed by 114 and 63 priority districts

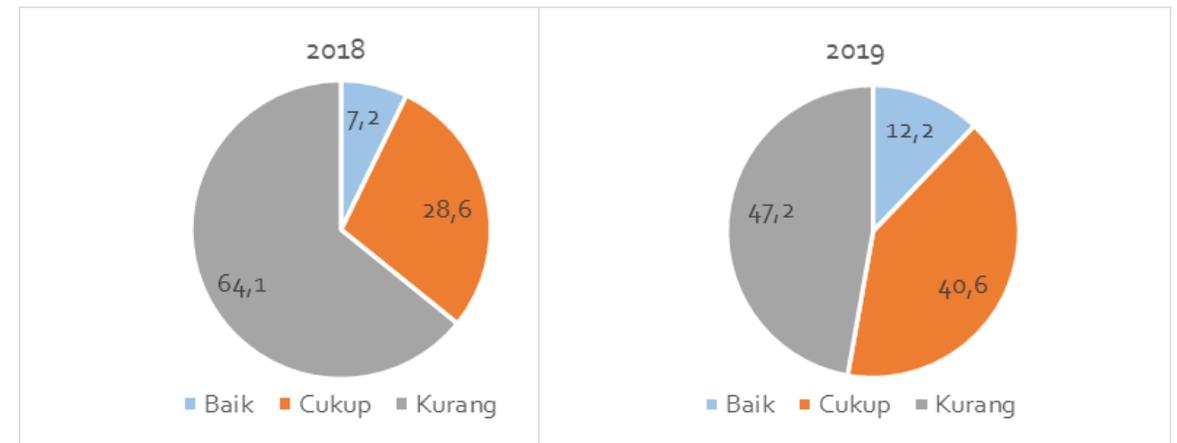
4

Interpersonal Communication Campaign has been conducted at community level in priority districts

5

Survey on community perception on stunting has been conducted in 2018 and 2019 by MoCI

6



Pilar 3: National, Regional, and Village Program Convergence



..... **OBJECTIVE**

To strengthen convergence through national, regional, and village program coordination and consolidation.

..... **STRATEGY**

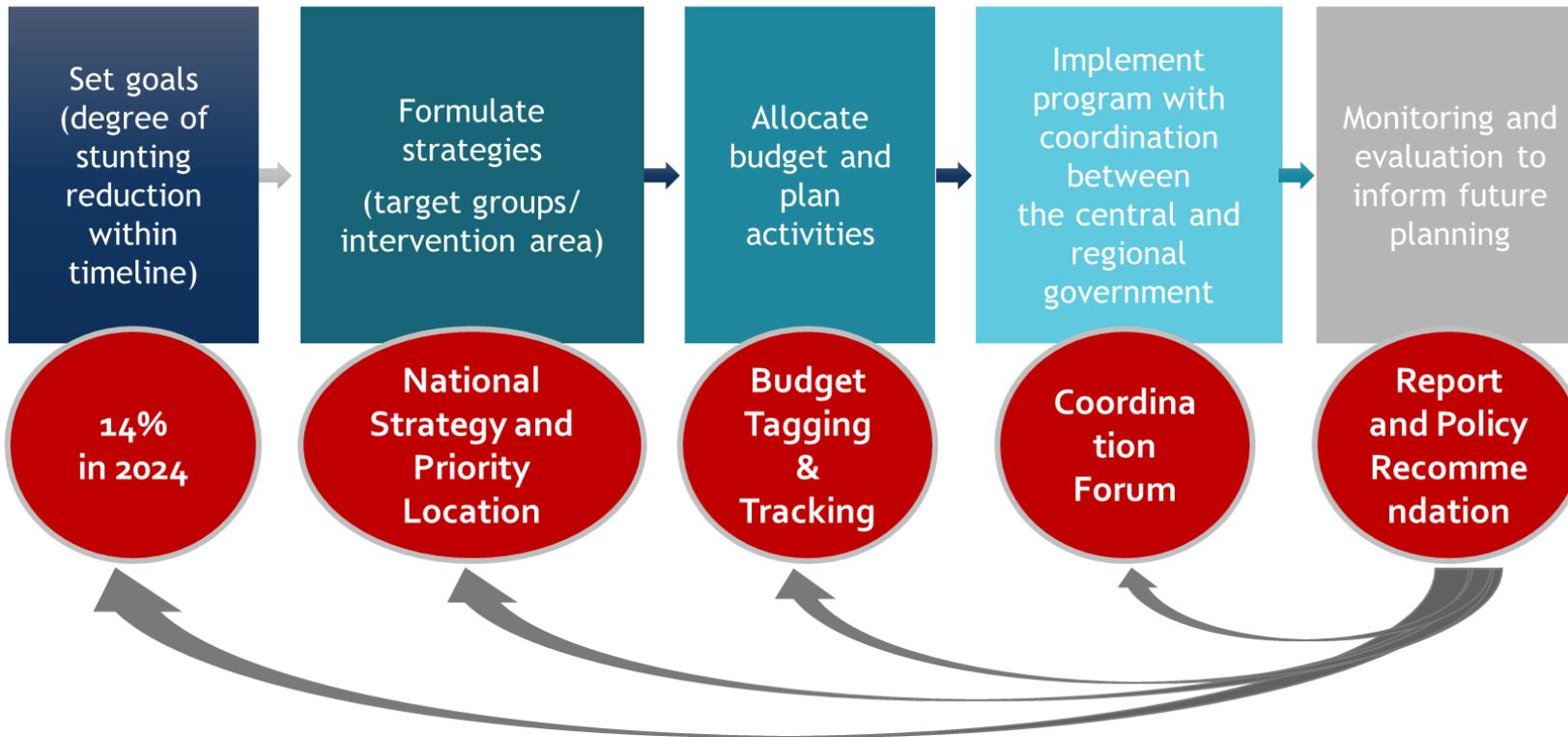
- 1. Strengthening converged planning and budgeting;** by increasing capacity of local government to increase access coverage and delivery of priority nutrition intervention.
- 2. Improving service delivery management;** by ensuring that priority target (1.000 FDL households) receive and utilize the intervention packages.
- 3. Strengthening multisectoral coordination;** by ensuring synchronized provision and program implementation at all level.

..... **COORDINATOR**

This pillar is coordinated by the Minister of National Development Planning and Minister of Home Affairs.

Progress: National Program Convergence

Steps to convergent and effective stunting reduction program at national level



1
Target has been set and Nat Strategy has been developed and agreed as reference for all stakeholders in implementing stunting prevention

2
Budget Allocation has been tagged and tracked by MoF and Bappenas to ensure that priority intervention are funded and implemented in priority location. Total national budget allocation for 2020 is IDR 27,5 Billion

3
Some program content has been strengthened to focus more on the priority target group and nutrition sensitive, for exp ECED program

Progress: District Program Convergence

1

Convergence guidance for district has been developed by Bappenas and MOHA.

2

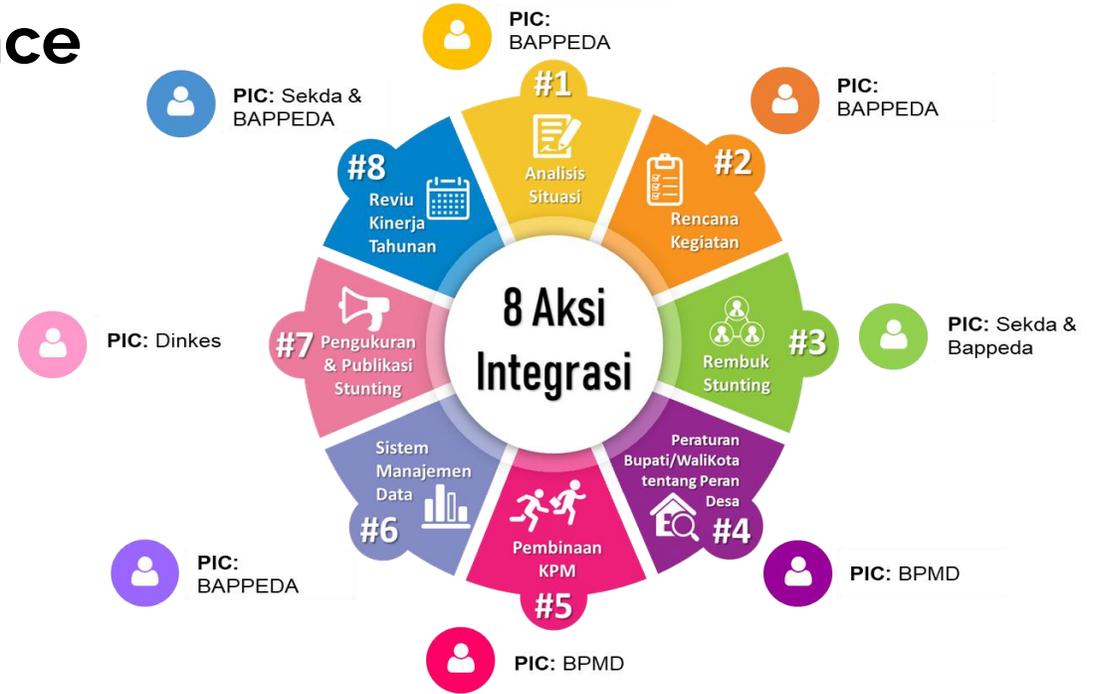
To support priority district in implementing the program, Government provide Specific Budget Allocation (Dana Alokasi Khusus/DAK). The DAK consist of physical DAK (Health, Sanitation, Family Planning, Drinking Water and Environment) and Non Physical DAK (Health and Family Planning)

3

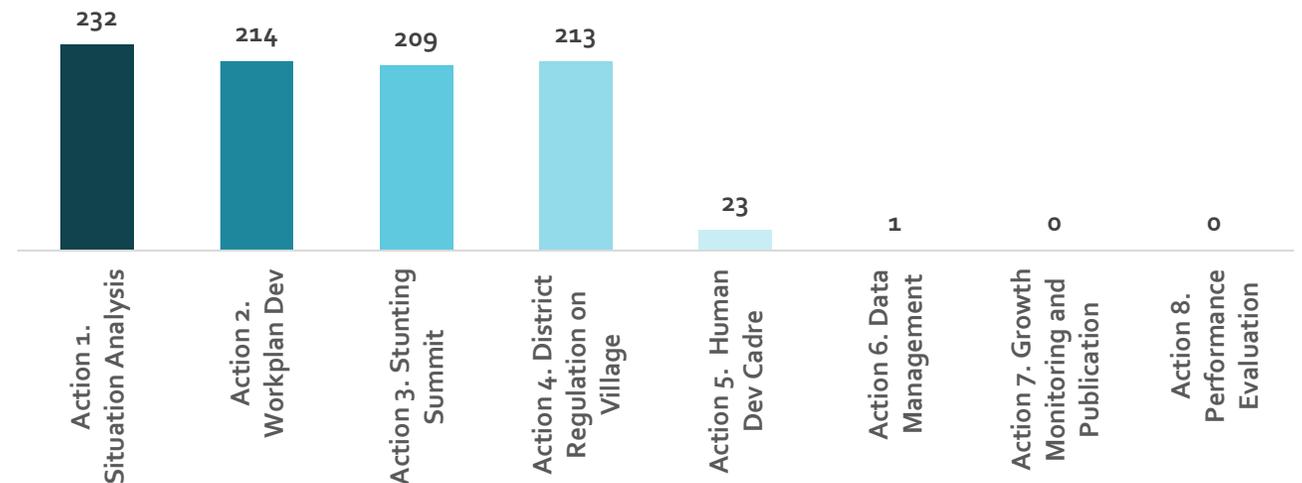
The Technical Assistance and Capacity Building for 260 priority districts has conducted by MOHA

4

Districts Performance Evaluation on the implementation of 8 Convergence Action conducted every year by Province and MOHA



Progress of 8 Convergence Action at Priority Districts (July 2020)



Progress: Village Level Convergence

Indicators	Priority Villages 2018-2019 (N=33.053)	Non Priority Villages (N=41.904)
# Village with HDW	32.433 (98.1%)	39.971 (95.4%)
# Village with Trained HDW	30.502 (94%)	36.524 (91%)
# Village with Rumah Desa sehat (RDS) as multistakeholders forum	19.161 (58%)	14.727 (35.1%)
# Villa that conduct monitoring for 5 basic for HH with pregnant mothers and children under 2	30.502 (94%)	
# Village that already implemented Village Stunting Summit	23.495 (71.1%)	

Pillar 4: Nutritional Food Security

..... **OBJECTIVE**

To improve access to nutritional foods and to support food security.

..... **STRATEGY**

- 1. Provision of households' food and nutrition need;** by accelerating food diversification initiatives through local-based food supplies and sustainable food house (KRPL) to be implemented in all priority districts.
- 2. Expansion of social assistance and food assistance for poor households;** by ensuring well targeted and well distribution to the priority households.
- 3. Strengthened food fortification;** by ensuring main food fortification such as salt, flour and cooking oil, is accessible for all citizens.
- 4. Strengthened regulation on food labeling and advertisement;** by strengthening institutional coordination, law enforcement and mechanism.

COORDINATOR

This pillar is coordinated by the Minister of Agriculture and Minister of Health.

Progress: Nutritional Food Security

- 1** In 2019, the Non Cash Food Assistance Program has expanded to all priority districts and the beneficiaries has been cover 90% poor people in priority districts .
- 2** For 2020, the budget for No Cash Food Assistance Program has been increased from IDR 110,000/month/HH become IDR 200,000/month/HH and the food items has been added (protein sources that could be used for supplementary food for baby)
- 3** Several policies on food fortification has been established, especially for flour and oil

Pilar 5: Monitoring and Evaluation

..... **OBJECTIVE**

To enhance monitoring and evaluation as basis to deliver high quality services, to increase accountability, and to accelerate learning process.

..... **STRATEGY**

- 1. Strengthened data system;** to improve accuracy of regularity stunting prevalence data monitoring at national and district level.
- 2. Utilization of data in result-based planning and budgeting;** to improve effectiveness of future planning and budgeting.
- 3. Acceleration of learning process;** by improved mechanism of sharing knowledge, learning and innovation.

..... **COORDINATOR**

This pillar is coordinated by the Secretariat of the Vice President

Progress: Monitoring and Evaluation

1

Annual Nutrition Status Survey has been conducted since 2019 (previously conducted every 5 years) by Research and Development Unit under MoH in coordination with National Statistic Bureau

2

Integrated M&E guidelines and stunting dashboard has been developed, including set of indicators to be monitored



3

Performance Review on Budget Expenditure related to Stunting Prevention has been conducted by MoF and Bappenas

4

Evaluation framework has been developed and thematic studies that will be implemented from 2019 – 2024 has been identified

5

Report and policy recommendation developed based on monitoring data collected from line ministries

6

Knowledge Management developed and lesson learned sharing conducted among districts in several forum



Thank you



TP2AK

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